

Adair County News

VOLUME XXI

COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1918.

NUMBER 48

ATTENTION.

Red Cross Members.

There are 10,000,000 destitute men, women and children in Northern France and Belgium behind the German lines and besides food, they need clothing of all sorts, new if to be had, and if not, then old or worn clothing, shoes, socks, hats and anything to keep out the cold, also bed clothing of any kind. Remember that part of France and Belgium are much colder in winter than it is here.

To help prevent these people suffering during the coming winter the Red Cross chapter is called upon to furnish as large a supply of the above things as possible.

To do our part we must not contribute the things only that we do not need but things we can do without.

Of course, worn out cotton stuff will not do, but woolen goods will be received in whatever condition, so will scraps of leather and shoes even if worn.

To show you the absolute need of those people I quote from a letter written by a well-to-do lady of Belgium.

"Perhaps you will laugh when you hear that I wear a cloak made from my husband's garde civique overcoat, a waist made from his football shirt, and a skirt made of a dyed bedsheet. Mother had a suit made of a tablecloth, J. and M. have cloaks made of woolen blankets, and S. a dress made of burlap. But all this is only amusing in comparison with the wretchedness of the population. After all, we remain calm and confident of victory."

Here are the things needed. For men, shirts, undershirts, underwear, trousers, coats, work suits (overalls), shoes, overcoats, jerseys, sweaters, vests, socks.

For women, skirts, drawers, corset slip, petticoats, blouses, shirts overcoats, suits, pinafores, shoes, cloth hats, knitted caps and stockings.

For boys and girls, same kind as above.

For babies, cradle chemises, bodies, cradle dresses, sweaters, bonnets, bibs, neckerchiefs, diapers, shoes, baby dresses, hooded cloaks, jackets, shawls, socks.

For all, bed ticks, bed sheets, pillow cases, blankets, mufflers.

Do not send garment of flimsy material or of gaudy coloring, or high heeled slipper or worn out or rotten cotton goods or material, or stiff hats, or anything containing rubber, or books, toys, soap or toilet articles, or notes of communications of any sorts. Pockets of all articles must be empty. The campaign for this purpose begins Sept. 23, and ends the 30th of Sept., and all articles must be sent in and delivered to Miss Mollie Caldwell, chairman of this work at Columbia, Ky., on or before Oct. 5th.

As our time is short and there is no opportunity to see everybody, I ask that every member of the Adair County Red Cross chapter will consider themselves as a member of a committee to solicit or send in as many of the above articles as can be done on the above date.

The time is short and it will require prompt action to carry out our purpose to do our part in this much needed service.

W. W. Jones, Chairman.

Notice of Stock Election.

This day came Andy Thomas and 22 other legal voters and residents in Pellyton voting precinct No. 11, in Adair County, Ky., and petitioned the Adair County Court to cause to be open a poll at the next regular November Election, 1918, the question as to whether or not stock should be permitted to run at large in said precinct.

48-4t

Aaron Wounded in Action, July 23.

Velmer Aaron, son of Mr. A. C. Aaron, was reported in a dispatch to Miss Pearl Aaron from the War Department, on Saturday morning, to be wounded instead of missing in action as was reported last week. Aaron is supposed to have been in the fierce fight around Cantigny, where Kentucky heroism and metal were tested in more than one case. The News extends to the father and family of this hero son, all hopes that he will soon recover.

Volunteer Day.

There will be a big rally and meeting at the court house at 2 o'clock, Saturday, p. m., for everybody in Columbia.

FRANK D. HINES.

Dr. of Philosophy and Occult Science Will Develop Rich Oil Fields Here.

Prof. Frank D. Hines, President of the Southern Oil and Refining Co., arrived in town last week from Denver, Colo. Dr. Hines is a native of Colorado, and aside from his great achievements as scientist, metaphysician, editor and statesman he devotes himself to oil developments on a large scale. Says the Doctor: "There is plenty of oil in Adair county, and all we need to do is to bore a little deeper." Until now facilities of heavy machinery have not been available to bore to the depths where oil will be found in large and paying quantities. The company of which Dr. Hines is President is composed largely of Denver capitalists who mean business about the development of this rich field.

A thorough survey of this field was made last year by expert Engineer and Geologist, Joseph Kreis. His report on the field made to The Western Oil Syndicate and Southern Oil & Refining Co., both of which Mr. Hines is President, is thoroughly in keeping with the surveys of other geologists, showing from natural indications that the field is a fertile one in oil.

Dr. Hines verifies his original idea, having taken Log, or taped off the Hadley well No. 1, and found between 130 and 200 feet of fine grade amber oil in this well. The well lacks 20 to 30 feet of right depth. According to his idea, well No. 2 has oil and gas. Depth of No. 1 is 788 feet and No. 2 700 feet. The latter, he believes is 18 to 50 feet short of oil. The wells will be sunk deeper. A new well has been ordered sunk on leases in Sparksville District.

Dr. Hines insists after an inspection of the properties of his company that when the sands lying down at a depth of from 800 to 1,000 feet good oil will flow in large quantities.

Teachers Association.

Teachers Association in Division 4 will meet at Knifley at 10 a. m. Sept. 27, 1918.

Devotional exercises by J. M. Wolford.

1. What opportunities are offered for teaching honesty during play. Mabel Hindman.

2. What types of games should be forbidden. Ada Workman.

3. How to teach language in first three grades. Scott Campbell.

4. Should teacher engage in play with the school and why? Ethel Dunbar.

5. To what extent should patriotism be taught in school. Edgar Collins.

Noon.

Song service.

1. Duet by Grace and Bonnie Wolford.

2. Best methods of teaching beginners to read. Bessie Cabbell.

3. What relations if any should exist between play and study. Joe Abell.

4. Discuss Corporal Punishment. P. P. Wesley.

5. The value of correct English. Fannie Cabbell.

6. Best methods of securing interest in the school. Grace Wolford.

7. Recitation. Gilbert Goode.

8. Song. Tramp, Tramp, Tramp.

Pres. Mr. Oscar Sinclair.

Sec. Miss Pearl Wolford.

Back to the City.

M. A. Traylor, President of the Chicago Live Stock National Bank, who has been visiting his old home in the county for two weeks left last Thursday for Louisville. After a brief visit there with his sister, Mrs. Bibee, he left for Chicago. Mr. Traylor enjoyed greatly his vacation here and looked much improved on the "hog hominy" of Adair.

Notice.

Every one owing back accounts for schooling at Lindsey Wilson school must settle. I have sent notices and some do not answer. Please let me hear from you and I will let you to expect payment or the same will be given to an attorney for collection.

Very truly,
R. R. Moss.

Lost:—A large bill book with 2 war saving stamps and some other papers in it. Finder will return to me and get a reward.
J. F. Neat.

47-2t

Rev. O. P. Bush Accepts Scott County Call.

After a pastorate in Columbia extending nearly six years, Rev. O. P. Bush, of the local Baptist church, has resigned to accept a call to the church at Great Crossing three miles from Georgetown, Ky. The Baptist church in Columbia loses in Mr. Bush one of the ablest and most devoted pastors that it has ever had. Notable things have been accomplished under his ministry here, chief of which is, perhaps, the erection and paying for the new church house, which is the handsomest building in the town and one of the best and most beautiful in Kentucky. The church under his care has had great prosperity in every way. The other churches, Zion, Gradyville, and Milltown that have had his services as pastor, will feel his loss as keenly as will the church in town.

Mr. Bush came here from Lancaster, where he had enjoyed a most successful pastorate. He is beloved here as a citizen and minister by all denominations, having taken at all times a keen and active interest in the affairs and general uplift of the town. Mrs. Bush, universally beloved in Columbia, and the bright faces of their happy family of children will be equally as great a loss and as much missed, as will the God fearing preacher and noble and useful citizen. The church at Great Crossing is fortunate in securing him, and Mr. Bush will find congenial environs near the classic old Institution, Georgetown College, where he was educated and from which he was graduated with academic distinction. It will be long before the church here can find a more scholarly, able, and consecrated shepherd of the flock. The News sincerely regrets his departure, but extends best wishes to him and his charming family.

Tom Ed Jeffries Commander of Big Drive.

The Fourth Liberty Loan campaign in the county is on in earnest. Tom Ed Jeffries as commander-in-chief of Adair county's forces of Uncle Sam's auxiliary army, has perfected a splendid organization and from the 28th on the home offensive against the Hun will not cease nor lull until the goal of the county's quota is reached in the eight billion dollar loan. Let every man, woman and child be a patriot; and every patriot will help to win a glorious victory for the honor of Adair whose boys are shedding their blood in France for peace and freedom in the world.

Mr. Jeffries has organized the county by school districts, with a chairman in charge of each district. Next Saturday will be volunteer day and rallies will be held in every school house in the county.

Notice of Stock Election.

This day came P. K. Jones and 19 other legal voters and residents in Rokey voting precinct, No. 12, in Adair County, Ky., and petitioned the Adair County Court to cause to be open a poll at the next regular November Election, 1918, the question as to whether or not stock of any kind should be permitted to run at large in said precinct.

48 4t

I am adding to my line of Fall Millinery goods, a handsome line of Ladies Coats, Coat suits, odd skirts and waists, this line has just been bought, and is now being received. You are invited to call at my rooms on second floor of Russell Building and inspect my stock.
46-2t Mrs. G. W. Staples.

Cattle Poisoned.

Jas. L. Pelly and E. L. Feese lost last week each some fine cattle. It is thought that these cattle were poisoned by bait thrown out for trespassing dogs. People should be more careful about the use of poison in such matters—Mr. Pelly's loss was about \$80 and Mr. Feese's Jersey heifer was valued at \$50.

Don't forget the biggest Farm Implement, and stock sale of the year next Saturday. E. E. Cheatham & Son, at the McFarland place, in the edge of town, on Greensburg Road. Farm implements, cattle, mules, horses, hogs, etc. Don't fail to be at this big sale.

Pelly Bros. sold to Grasham & Bennett 10 hogs for \$494.

ATTENTION.

Red Cross Members and Everybody Especially Boys and Girls.

For the purpose of making Gas masks to protect our soldiers from German poison Gases, the Government needs all the peach stones, plum stones, cherry stones, walnut shells, hickorynut shells, it can get and has asked the Red Cross members to gather them in from all part of Adair county and send them to it.

Judge W. S. Sinclair has agreed to receive them at the court house in Columbia and keep them until shipped. So every body will gather up all they can get and bring or send them in as soon as they can.

It does not matter how old they are if sound, but they must be dry. It is the shell and not the kernel that is wanted. They need not be separated but just brought in walnut shells and hickory nut shells, &c., all in the same lot. Let us see what a big pile of them we can make. If you desire you may send them in with kernel in. This is expected to be done. Let us see how much you have done, not for pay, but as an act of patriotism.

W. W. Jones, Chairman.

48-4t

Worst Hail Storm for Many Years.

From Cane Valley to Rokey was a scene of devastation and destruction after the severe hail, rain and electrical storm last week. While the down pour of rain brought relief for grass and forage crops, the accompanying heavy hail brought sadness to those who had not cut tobacco, hundreds of acres of which was almost totally destroyed. A few farmers around Cane Valley carried small insurance on their ruined crops. At Rokey, where the storm was the most severe known in years, many houses and barns were unroofed, and some completely demolished. No lives have been reported lost.

Crop Report.

The September report of crop estimates is that the farmers in Kentucky have on hand 6 per cent more hogs for fattening than they had Sept. 1, 1917.

Kentucky's crop prospects are better since the general rains but there will still be a great reduction in the corn, potato, tobacco and hemp crops compared to those of 1917. The corn crop now promises about 25 per cent less than in 1917; tobacco about 20 per cent less; and potatoes about 33 per cent less. Considerably more oats were produced in Kentucky this year than in 1917; and a very fine hay crop, larger than in 1917. Altho the potato crop is much smaller than in 1917 it should be remembered that the 1917 crop was very large.

Returns to Missouri.

L. P. Janes, of Niangua, Mo., has been visiting his native haunts near Breeding for the past two weeks, and has returned to his western home. He is a brother of our Mr. J. H. Janes, and this was his first trip back to Adair since leaving the county eight years ago. Mr. Janes has been very prosperous in the west but has a warm spot in his heart for the county and State of his nativity. He is engaged in farming and milling.

Decorated for Bravery.

Chas. Marcus Tarter, son of Mrs. Marcus Tarter, of this county has been cited for distinguished services and decorated for bravery on the battlefield by General Pershing. Many Adair county boys are in the thick of the great battles of the present American drive and will no doubt hold to the highest standard the traditional bravery and courage of Kentucky's best fighting men.

Sale.

On Saturday Sept. 28th, I will offer for sale the following articles: 2 dressers, 1 wash stand, 1 bedstead, springs and mattress, 2 tables, dining room chairs, wardrobe, safe, and other articles too numerous to mention.

W. E. McCandless.

For Immediate Sale.

One pair 3 year old mules, 13 hogs 7 cattle and a quantity of hay.

V. M. Collius, Glenfork, Ky.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

In the future we cannot send the paper to our subscribers unless it is paid for one year in advance. The price is \$1.50 for all within the first and second zones. Beyond the second zone the price is \$2.00. Our force of bookkeepers, under War conditions, is limited and we may be delayed in getting your name off of the list; but when you fail to get the paper, please advise us if we are in error; or else send in, or bring your \$1.50 or \$2.00 as the zone may require. This notice is final. We are compelled to stop the paper for all, as fast as we can adjust our accounts, except for those who have paid up, for one year in advance. We have several thousand subscribers, and we do not doubt that every one is good, and will pay in due time all arrearages. We would much prefer to run the business of the paper on a credit basis, knowing that it would suit many of our best patrons better on this plan. But we are not allowed to do this under the present condition, and if we lose many of our subscribers, we cannot avoid it. Please look at your label, and if you want the paper continued, advise us promptly to either continue or stop. In the future it will be an oversight or delay in bookkeeping, if we fail to take from the list any who have not paid up one year in advance.

\$1.50 for the News First and Second Zones.
\$2.00 Outside of Second Zone.

Motors to St. Louis.

Mr. Jas. Beard and son, John, left last week for St. Louis, where John will be examined with the view of taking treatment in the McClain Orthopedic sanitarium for the correction of a malady resulting from Infantile Paralysis. If the treatment seems to hold out hope of permanent relief, Mr. Beard and Mrs. Beard will probably spend the winter in St. Louis with their son while under treatment. Mr. Beard motored through to St. Louis.

Notice of Stock Election.

This day came J. W. Goodin and 21 other legal voters and residents in Little Cake voting precinct, No. 10, Adair County, Ky., and petitioned the Adair County Court to cause to be open a poll at the next Regular Election, 1918, the question as to whether or not stock of any kind should be permitted to run at large in said precinct.

48-4t

To Laborer's.

There is a great call for laborers throughout the U. S. in all War Industrial Plants. All desiring to do such work report at my office on Mondays and Saturdays for registration. To fail to furnish our boys over there with all materials suitable to their defense would be stabbing them in the back.

Let every patriotic citizen do his part in its solicitation.
Noah Loy, Chairman of the U. S. Public Service Reserve.

Revival at Creelsboro.

Evangelist H. Gordon Bennett and R. Paul Arnold, singer, are in a fine meeting at Creelsboro. Mr. Arnold is a great singer and drawing great crowds. People in the vicinity of Creelsboro should not miss hearing these two evangelist. They are equal to the best anywhere in the state or nation. Meeting will continue over last Sunday in Sept.

For Sale.

Seven room house, with 3 1/2 acres on Greensburg street, known as the J. D. Flowers place. If not sold privately before Nov. 1st, will be sold at auction first day of Nov. Circuit court. For further information see

C. R. Hutchison, or
M. L. Grissom,
Columbia, Ky.

She was Bred in Old Adair.

Please forward at once to my address the "Adair Co. News"—Please make me "smile" by sending an issue just as soon as this reaches you.

A News Reader,
Miss Hattie Williams,
Lytton, Iowa.

Sept. 13, 1918.

A big day next Saturday, for Columbia. The E. E. Cheatham & Son sale, on Greensburg Road.

Public Sale.

Thursday, October 3, 1918, at the Breeding homestead, my residence, five miles east of Columbia, near the Columbia and Stanford road, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder the following described property:

Five head of cattle, consisting of two milch cows.

Three calves, six head of hogs, ten head of sheep.

One pair two-year-old mules.

About 50 barrels of corn, four stacks of hay, shock tops and blade fodder.

Two thousand feet of nice lumber, farming tools, household goods and other articles too numerous to mention.

Mrs. Ona Poynter,
Garlin, Ky.

"The Man Without a Country."

The cinema sensation of the hour, featuring Florence La Bade and H. E. Herbert.

Of all the beloved characters created in fiction by the celebrated author, Everett Edward Hale, none are so dear as that of Florence La Bade and H. E. Herbert. Millions have read and hungrily enjoyed the fine characters Mr. Hale has painted in his story, "The Man without a Country."

You must see this great picture to appreciate it. It is a picture for the whole Patriotic family. Don't allow even one of them to miss it. This wonderful picture will be in Columbia in the afternoon and night Oct. 12th at the Paramount Theatre.

Not a "War Bride," "But Bride of Battle."

Next week the latest war novel will begin in the News and run serially in every issue for 7 or 8 weeks. It is a romance and love story of the great War, and the ladies will especially enjoy reading it. We have gone to a considerable extra expense to procure the privilege and places for publication of this one of the best of modern fiction written by one of the greatest authors living. Tell your neighbors, please, about this story in the news that they may send in their subscriptions at once and not miss a copy of the paper with this beautiful and thrilling war story.

Big Bargains in Fertilizer

Several grades. Prices \$1.30 to \$1.95 per cwt. Telephone 115 L.

L. M. Smith, Mgr.,
Farmers' Union Store Warehouse,
48-tf Cane Valley, Ky.

PLEASE

We have on our books about \$9000 due us on job printing accounts. There is past due more than \$3000 on subscriptions to the "NEWS." Are you one? If you are, come in and settle up. We must have all old accounts settled either by cash or note at once.

We can no more run than you can without money. Come in and help us, you know if you owe and you know you ought to pay.

Fourth Liberty Loan Volunteer Day.

Don't fail to attend the volunteer Liberty Loan meeting at your school house, Saturday Sept. 28.

For Sale.

I will offer for sale at auction at the residence of W. T. Price, on Water Street, the household and kitchen furniture belonging to the late Mrs. Mary T. Harvey, Friday, Sept. 27, at 2 o'clock.

J. S. Breeding, Auctioneer.

Bad Dogs.

On the night of the 17th some dogs killed for U. T. Antle of Roy 3 fine sheep and crippled two. Mr. Antle succeeded in killing one of the dogs. One of the ewes had already brought two lambs this season and would have borne two more within another month.

The tax-books are now in my hand and I am ready to receive taxes. I or one of my deputies will be at my office daily. Tax-payers are requested to call as rapidly as possible.

Cortez Sanders, Sheriff.

43-tf

R. E. Tandy sold his home farm of 143 acres to C. O. Estes, of Camp Knox, for \$5,700.

FOR SALE

By
The Jeffries Realty Company.

36 Acres, three miles from Columbia, on upper Greensburg road, 1 mile from school, good peach orchard, good soil and level land, well watered, 15 acres timber, good five-room house, 18x40 feet, good fencing, 15 acres in grass. Price \$2,750. Easy terms.

The best bargain yet offered in Adair county land. 75 acres 3 miles from Columbia, on new Stanford pike, 100 yards from school house, 1 mile from postoffice, store and blacksmith shop, finest water on earth, good orchard, limestone soil, 20 acres timber, good six room dwelling house, and three good barns. One-half cash, balance in two years. This farm was bought for \$3,500.

1/2 Acre lot in town of Columbia, modern, modern dwelling, good barn and other buildings, good water, house wired for electric lights, on best street in Columbia. \$1,000, cash.

35 Acres for \$3,500, one-half cash, balance in one and two years. This farm is located in Russell county, 1/2 mile from Jamestown, the County seat. Good house and good fencing. 35 acres in timber, 55 acres in fine grass, balance in fine state of cultivation. Two miles from Russell Springs.

100 Acres for \$2,200.00. This is one of the best small farms in Adair county, 1/2 mile from two churches and school. 5 acres timber, good orchard, fertile soil, good water, level land, 8 room residence barn 32x48, good fencing, 1/2 mile from Columbia, on James-town Pike.

FOR SALE—160 acres, seven miles from Columbia, good roads, 1/2 mile from church and school, 120 acres cleared, 40 acres timber, 15 acres fine bottom. Good dwelling house, good tenant house, two good barns and excellent fencing. This farm can be bought for \$60 per acre, one third cash and balance in one and two years.

A splendid little farm of 79 acres, seven miles from Columbia for \$2,000. This farm has on it a good house and barn and 14 acres of timber, all well fenced. The place is 1 mile from post office, church and school.

A BARGAIN AT \$10,000.
200 Acres, two and one-half miles from Columbia, near Campbellsville pike, good orchard, 50 acres timber, good residence, excellent fencing, 65 acres good grass, 65 acres in clover, limestone soil. This land is uniformly level and tractor can be used on every foot of the farm. This is the best bargain at \$10,000 in Kentucky.

FOR SALE AT BARGAINS—A woman can buy these Farms and Pay for them in two years at the present prices of tobacco.

250 Acres on new pike now under construction, one mile from church, 1/2 mile and one-half miles from Columbia, limestone soil, good water, 100 acres in timber, 60 acres fine bottom land, two good houses, two tenant houses, two barns, good fencing, possession, Jan. 1st, 1919. The price of this farm is \$8,500.

200 Acres one mile from Columbia between Jamestown and Somerset roads, good orchard, limestone soil, good water, one third in timber, fairly level, 30 acres bottom, brick residence, new barn, fairly good fencing. Price \$7,000.

A farm of 42 acres, three miles from Columbia, for \$900. This nice little farm is on the Greensburg pike, good limestone soil, close to school and church, nice residence and good barn. This is a bargain and can be paid for out of one crop of tobacco.

Four acres in town of Columbia, green room, modern residence, good cellar, splendid fencing, two good barns. Price \$2,800.

We have listed many other good propositions in both farms and town property.

G. G. JEFFRIES REALTY CO.
Columbia, - - - Kentucky.

25 Years Practice Consultation Free

Dr. James Menzies
OSTEOPATH

Butler Bldg on Public Square.
COLUMBIA, KY.

I keep on hands a full stock of coffins, caskets, and robes. I also keep Metallic Caskets, and Steel Boxes and caskets. We keep extra large caskets. Prompt service night or day.
Residence Phone 29, office phone 168.
J. F. Triplett,
Columbia, Ky.

L. H. Jones

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

Special attention given Diseases of all Domestic Animals

Office at Residence, 1 mile of town, on Jamestown road.

Phone 114 G.

Columbia, Ky.

HENRY W. DEPP,

DENTIST

Am permanently located in Co. lumbia.

All Classes of Dental work done. Crowns and Inlay work a Specialty

All Work Guaranteed

Office—next door to post office.

WELL DRILLER

I will drill wells in Adair and adjoining counties. See me before contracting. Latest improved machinery of all kinds.

Pump Repairing Done. Give me a Call.

J. C. YATES

Residence Phone 13 B Business Phone 13

DR. J. N. MURRELL

DENTIST

Office, Front rooms in Jeffries Bldg up Stairs.

Columbia, - Kentucky

Dr. Elam Harris

DENTIST

OFFICE 164, Residence 123-K.

OFFICE: Second Floor
Cor. Main and Depot Sts.

CAMPBELLSVILLE, KY.

Local and General Anesthetics Administered

Go to Church Times.

The pastors of Columbia and vicinity extend a cordial welcome to all.

Presbyterian church, Rev. B. T. Watson Pastor.

Sunday-School 9:45 a. m.

Congregational Worship 11 a. m.

Evening Service at 7 p. m. on every second and fourth Sundays.

Prayer service Wednesday evening at 6:30. Sunday-school topic discussed.

Preaching at Union 1st and 3rd Sabbaths

METHODIST CHURCH.

L. F. Piercey, Pastor.

Preaching 1st and 3rd Sunday in each month.

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.

Epworth League 6:15 p. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 6:30.

Everybody cordially invited to these services.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Preaching on each 1st and third Sunday.

Morning service 11 o'clock.

Evening service 7 o'clock

Sunday School 9:30

B. Y. P. U. evening 6:10

Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening 6:30

Business meeting Wednesday evening before the 3rd Sunday in each month.

Missionary Society, the last Thursday in each month, 8:00 o'clock.

F. H. Durham, Supt. S. S.

O. P. Bush, Pastor,

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Bible School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m.

Judge Hancock, Superintendent.

Preaching service at 11 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. on Second and Fourth Sundays.

Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 8:00.

Official meeting Friday night before the fourth Sunday in each month.

Woman's Missionary Society, the first Sunday in each month at 2:45 p. m.

Mission Band the first Sunday each month at 2 p. m.

Ladies' Aid Society Thursday after

second Sunday at 3:00 p. m.
Z. T. Williams, Pastor.
G. R. Reed, Sect.
Ray Conover, Tres

Direct from the Front.

American Expeditionary Forces.

August, 19, 1918.

Adair Co., News:

I take this method of sending to my friends back at home these few words of greeting from over here. I have been on this side of the Atlantic since April 8th. During that time I have seen a goodly part of England, what remains of Belgium and the whole of France from the north to Masselies and Nice on the Mediterranean Sea. A convalescent leave after an appendix operation gave me the opportunity of seeing Southern France.

Our first stop in France was in a small village some distance back from the zone of war activities. Here we were brought into close contact with typical French rural life. The people were generous, hospitable and appreciative of our timely coming. In spite of the handicap of a foreign language, which very few of us had ever studied, our men associated much with our foreign allies. We managed to pick up enough words and phrases to answer in monosyllables their questions, which you could usually tell by the inflection of their voice. All our boys are fast learners and many will come back to the states with a Parisian accent as well as manners.

There are many things we could profitably learn from the French, but I think, there are far more that they could learn from us. Their methods of agriculture are antiquated. Their crops of grain are harvested by hand as we did two or three generations ago. This is done from necessity, mostly by the patriotic and industrious women.

The roads of France are simply splendid. I motored with a friend thru the French Alps near the Italian-Swiss border. The roads are wonderful products of engineering skill. They are perfectly graded and so constructed that you will reach a great altitude with an almost imperceptible incline. The scenery of this region is delightful.

I spent a few days in the French Capital, and took advantage of seeing many things of interest there,—especially interesting to one on his first visit to Paris. I will not take the time to tell of these. What history of these countries one knows will add tremendously to your interest in what you see.

Of course I cannot tell you much about the war,—the thing that the people in United States, as well as everywhere else, are most interested in. I could not give you an adequate idea of what I would like if I were allowed perfect liberty by the censor. The best descriptions of conditions in this war are found in the magazine articles written by correspondents who have been here and seen. Irvin Cobb in the Saturday evening Post has some pretty realistic descriptions. Viewed from some place of comparative safety, it is a pretty exciting show.

As to the duration of this war, I am getting more optimistic in regard to an early finish. At this date, it is looking pretty good. We have Fritz on the

run and are rapidly regaining the territory he has taken. With his strength in man-power and other resources on the decrease, while ours is rapidly increasing it looks like about time for them to send up a simultaneous cry of "Komrade." Of course you people at home who read, know as much about the general situation as anyone who occupies a small sector over here.

Just a word in regard to my own work. I never saw people more responsive and more open to a religious appeal than these boys here. They are not scared but serious and ready to listen to anyone who brings them a message of optimism and hope in such times as these. I used to wish for opportunities for ministry and service that anyone could have. I only hope to be able, in some small way, to measure up to this opportunity.

I believe in God and that out of this night of darkness and death He will bring a day that will be brighter and better than it was before.

"Though right may forever be on the scaffold,
Wrong forever on the throne;
Yet that scaffold sways the future,
And behind the dim unknown
Standeth God within the shadow
Keeping watch above his own."

Lieut. S. P. Stapp,
Chaplain 119 Inf. A. E. F.

MRS CROWE NEVER LOST FAITH IN OLD MOTHER NATURE.

Every Woman, Everywhere, Can Be Just As Happy and Healthy As This Woman

Every one for miles around the good farming town of Tuck and Pettit Station know how Mrs. Mary J. Crowe suffered from rheumatism for years. They all remember when Mrs. Crowe's limbs were horribly swollen at the joints. They remember vividly how the good woman would try to do her house work and how utterly useless the efforts were. And they remember, too, that Mrs. Crowe tried everything that was suggested to her.

Never Lost Faith.
"Before I commenced taking INDU I was so weak in my back and had such a tired feeling I did not know what to do with myself, and felt of no account. I got where I could not do my house work. I began taking INDU and when I had finished a bottle the terrible rheumatism commenced to leave me, and after the second bottle my trouble became less and less. I have taken three bottles and I am on my fourth. I feel fine—better than I have for ten years.

"My neighbors for miles around know how I suffered kidney trouble and rheumatism. They all know that I am free from my troubles now. They can't help knowing it, for I go around to their homes and talk with them."

If the thousands of weak, ailing women would have the faith Mrs. Crowe had, there would no doubt be just so many happy faces within the next few weeks.

It is unlawful, for anyone to offer a Substitute When Indu is Called for.

For sale by Dr. J. N. Page. Adv

City Work at Country Places.

The Adair County News is equipped for the highest grades of Job printing, Book work, and Advertising specialties. We have on hand a very large stock of every kind and grade of paper and supplies. All Jobs promptly done and work guaranteed. On account of our location in the country our prices are very reasonable. We appreciate our large mail order business. We solicit work under competitive bids or otherwise. When work is unsatisfactory, return at our expense. The best and largest equipped country plant in Kentucky.

Odd coats \$2.65, overcoats \$4.50, odd pants \$2.25 and \$2.75. Don't forget the place.
47-26 J. F. Neat, near Fair Ground

Bridging The Seas - - By Halleck



EGYPT IS ALL READY FOR OPENING FOURTH LOAN DRIVE SEPT. 28

Patriots Are Awake to the Fact That War Must Be Financed and Won Through Their Aid.

When the gong sounds for the opening of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign that section of Illinois included in the Eighth Federal Reserve District will be ready for a sprint that will take it through the race and carry it "over the top" in jig time, no matter what the quota may be.

This is the opinion of E. E. Crabtree, state chairman for Illinois, who ran down from his home in Jacksonville, where he is a banker, and spent Tuesday at his desk at Liberty Loan headquarters in the Railway Exchange Building.

"There is nothing to it," declared Mr. Crabtree, "but just going out and picking up the money. Many thousands of dollars are already in the banks applied already to the purchase of the Fourth bonds, and our people are making all of their plans for quick subscriptions."

"There is one woman in Jacksonville, whose name I do not care to give, who has already placed her order for \$20,000 of the bonds. She was advised to go on the market and buy previous issues of Liberty Bonds at a discount, and was shown whereby she could save \$1,000 by the transaction."

"But this patriotic woman said she wanted to do her bit and she said she would prefer taking Fourth bonds at par. Therefore she bought Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, and has instructed her banker to exchange these for Fourth Liberty Bonds on Sept. 28, 'Volunteer Day.'"

"Reports recalling me from other cities in our part of the district assure me that all are making ready for the drive, and that our quota will be quickly absorbed. And we are expecting the quota to be larger this time than in the previous loans."

"People realize that the sooner the war is over the more lives will be saved, and they are ready to invest their dollars that lives may not be lost because of penury."

HOW BONDS MAY BE SOLD
Treasury Department Will Provide No Additional Installment Plan.

The Treasury Department has determined, after careful consideration, that it will not provide any plan for disposing of the Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds on the installment plan, other than the usual plan of previous loans.

This information was conveyed to Chairman William R. Compton of the Liberty Loan Organization of the Eighth Federal Reserve District in a telegram from Lewis B. Franklin, Director of War Loans.

The plan, as heretofore, will consist of initial payment and three subsequent payments about one month apart.

Director Franklin requests Chairman Compton to advise the local committees at once of the decision reached.

A SOLDIER'S REASONING.

A St. Louis soldier in France, writing home to his mother, says: "New Liberty Bond drive this fall. I am going to take \$500 worth. Best investment in the world and every dollar invested brings us home that much sooner." And that, as George Fattullo would say, is the "obscure truth."

Volunteer on Volunteer Day and send a message to the Kaiser that will sicken him of his desire to win the world.

German Sentiments by German Writers
EXTRACTS

We are beginning slowly, humbly, and yet with a deep gladness, to divine God's intentions. It may sound proud, my friends, but we are conscious that it is also in all humbleness that we say it: the German soul is God's soul; it shall and will rule over mankind.—Pastor W. Lehman, on "The German God."

Who are the men who tower highest in the history of the nation? For whom does the heart of the German beat with warmest love? Is it Goethe, Schiller, Wagner, or Marx? No, it is Barbarossa, the great Frederick, Blucher, Moltke, Bismarck, the hard men of blood. These men, who sacrificed thousands of lives, are the men to whom the tenderest feelings, a thankfulness that has something of worship in it, flow from the soul of the people.—W. Fuchs, in Die Post, January 28th, 1912.

In two months England will be compelled to accept peace.—Zimmermann, in the Reichstag, January 31st, 1918.

Anyone who has played poker can tell at once that the game is of American origin. Bluff is the essence of American politics and American military effort (Heerwesen). If the U. S. today are really setting themselves to equip a large army in the modern sense with all that it implies, we may be sure that such a move is nothing but a trial mobilization against Japan. There is America's foe, not here on the European continent.—Capt. E. von Salzmann, in the Vossische Zeitung.

READY FOR THE FOURTH LOAN

Missouri is ready for the Fourth Liberty Loan, so far as money in the banks goes. State Bank Commissioner Enright announces that the total deposits in state banks and trust companies amounted to \$484,690,936.09 on June 28, the highest mark in history. When the total deposits of the national banks are added, the grand total for the state approximates \$650,000,000. The showing as to the state institutions is especially significant, in view of the fact that comparatively few of them belong to the Federal Reserve system, although the largest are members. The nonmembers have been at a disadvantage as to government deposits. Missouri has responded liberally to the three Liberty loans, the subscription to the third being especially well distributed. It is estimated that the state has paid over \$350,000,000 for government obligations within the year, yet the total deposits of state financial institutions are over \$60,000,000 greater than a year ago, practically all the gain being in individual deposits.

This indicates that Missourians have been sharing in war prosperity, even though no cantonment was located in the state and comparatively few munition plants are running. Much of the prosperity is due to the stimulation of agriculture and there is every reason to expect its continuation, along with a growth in other lines.

Missouri had an excellent organization in the last loan drive and it is presumed that it will be available for the coming loan campaign. The public has been educated to the meaning of bond buying and everybody recognizes the full significance of the war. The quota will be much larger than that of the third loan, but with proper organization and diligent activity, Missourians will be able to reach it, with their new resources.—Editorial Globe-Democrat of Aug. 31, 1913.

Casey Creek.

Uncle Bob Goode died of paralysis last Sunday. The body was embalmed and kept until the following Wednesday, until the arrival of one of his daughters, who had a position as a nurse in a hospital, near Enid, Okla. The remains were taken to Owensboro for burial.

Woiford Bros., are each having a tobacco barn erected on their respective farms, which will afford ample room for storing the growing weed; as well as a receptacle for farming implements.

Some of the folks from this place attended the singing at Kellyville, last Sunday, conducted by G. W. Pike, Prof. Hill, J. M. Wolford and others.

Several ladies, belonging to the Red Cross in our neighborhood, are desirous of obtaining knitting and sewing to do for the soldiers of the U. S. army. As we have no organization at this place, any information regarding same, would be highly appreciated.

Eld. Luther Young filled his appointment at this place last Saturday night, Sunday, and Sunday night; preaching three very earnest and touching sermons.

Notwithstanding being on sugar rations, we are not without sweets in our vicinity. New molasses are selling at \$1.30 per gallon.

Lieut. Tedder has been home on a furlough. Returned to Camp Dix, N. J., a few days ago.

On the 4th Sunday in this month, we will dedicate a service flag in honor and loving memory of the boys from the church and Sunday school at this place, who are serving in the U. S. army and navy. The dedicatory service will be conducted by Eld. Young, our pastor.

From Camp Mills, N. Y.

Aug. 24, 1918.

Mrs. Verna Thomas,

Fry, Ky.,

My Dear Wife:—

I have just arrived at Camp Mills, and will write you a few lines, so you can write me. I am real anxious to hear from you. How are all at home? This leaves me well. Well, dear, I will tell you something about this place. We live in tents here. We are about twenty miles from New York. We came through New York this morning. It is sure a large city. I have seen lots on my trip from Camp Sherman to this place, but had rather see you. Well, Verna, I was on a war ship and went about twenty miles, this morning. I guess I saw about two hundred. They are sure some sight.

Well, as I am tired I will not write much this time. Will write you again soon. So don't worry over me. I will be at home some day, I hope.

Answer soon,

From your loving husband,

Willie Thomas,

Hdq Co., 336 Inf.,

Camp Mills, N. Y.

For Sale.

Ohio River Salt, 7 bushel barrels, \$4.85 per barrel. 37-tf. young & Hutchison.



Gradyville.

We have had a little frost the first of the season.

Dr. S. Simmons is again on the stage of action.

Quite a number of our citizens attended county court at Columbia the first Monday.

Mrs. W. P. Flowers, of Columbia, visited here a day or so the first of the week.

One hundred and forty men between the ages of eighteen, and forty-six colored men registered here last Thursday, preparatory for their patriotic duty.

Cordie Wilson and Dave Walker passed through here last Friday, enroute for Greensburg, with Delbert Jones, for charges preferred against him in Green county.

Charlie Sparks continues to improve, but not as fast as he would like.

George W. Dudley bought a house and lot in our town last week, from E. E. Nell. It is a very desirable piece of property.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Penick, of Louisville, visited their father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Moss, of our vicinity, a few days of last week.

Miss Mollie Flowers spent a few days in Greensburg the first of the week.

L. B. Cain sold, last week, to Willis Coomer, one hundred acres of land near where Mr. Cain lives, for three thousand dollars. This makes Mr. Coomer a good farm and a very desirable home.

Miss Mollie Flowers, Master James Moss, G. T. Flowers, W.

L. Grady, J. J. Parson, Strong Hill and Gilbert Parson, of our city, attended the State Fair, in Louisville, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Moss, Miss Bettie Lee Butler and Mrs. T. I. Smith attended the show at Columbia last Wednesday night.

Mr. Parson, of Sulphur Well section, bought a number of cattle in this section, last week, at prices from 7½ to 10 cents per lb.

Messrs. Ollis Rose and Will Ed Hunter, who left us for the service of Uncle Sam, last week, write their people that they arrived down in the Southern climate and are liking that section of country fine.

Our farmers are the most busy people we have these days. They are putting in their time cutting tobacco, pulling fodder, cutting corn, making sorghum, all just ready at this time. Not a man in this section now that is out of employment. We are glad to say that we have a fairly good good crop of all, and we are getting it all saved in good time.

L. B. Cain sold last week, a very valuable young mule to L. Richardson for \$200.

Judge N. H. Moss accompanied his son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Penick to Greensburg, last Friday.

Born, to the wife of G. E. Nell, on the 10th, a son. Mother and child doing well.

Green Briar School.

Misses Cattie Huff, Golan and Lizzie Mat Williams, Leria Stotts and Messrs. Dan Coomer, Jesse Stotts and Daymond Huff attend-

ed the Red Cross meeting at Breeding the first Sunday.

Rev. Joe Stotts filled the Rev. Ashby's appointment at Hogard Chapel the 2nd Sunday.

Nine of the ladies from this place went to Independence last Saturday afternoon, to the meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society. They reported a very good meeting.

Miss Vergie Patterson is visiting at the home of Mrs. Ed Hadley, and attending the meeting at Hopewell.

Rev.s Lloyd and Wrentmore visited our school Thursday afternoon. The latter preached an inspiring sermon to the children.

Last Wednesday was devoted to weighing and measuring babies. There were eighteen weighed and measured. Also to the registration of the women. There were several who registered.

Dick Cheatham bought a bunch of hogs from F. M. Stotts, Thursday.

Mrs. Ulysses Marlow is quite sick at this writing.

Mrs. T. B. Curry, who has been sick for the past few days, is better.

Miss Eula Stapp visited Misses Vergie and Myrtie Patterson from Friday until Sunday.

The wheat thresher was in this neighborhood last Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Nonie Petty and daughter, Zelpha, and Misses Zella Petty and Vergie Patterson attended the funeral of Rollin Burbridge, last Monday.

Dirigo.

Fodder saving and sorghum making is the order of the day.

Rev. A. E. Wrentmore and C. C. Lloyd have just closed a revival meeting at Independence church. Bro. Wrentmore delivered some of the most interesting sermons I ever listened to.

Mr. Frank Stotts sold his farm near Picnic, to Mr. Roy Bransletter, of Barren county, for \$1,000.

Claudy Stotts sold his farm this place to G. C. McKinney.

Mrs. Hiram Stotts is very ill at this writing with blood poison in her foot.

Mr. Hadis Harvey left the 6th inst., for the army. Hadis was a fine young man and will be greatly missed by his many friends.

The school is progressing nicely at this place with Mr. Alvin Rosson, teacher.

The registration will get several young men from this place.

Mr. Jo Traylor has just completed a well for Allen Wooten, this place.

Glensfork.

The recent rains in this community have revived the crops to some extent.

Finis Thomas of Lynch is at home for a few days.

Mrs. Annie B. Brockman of this place was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Finis Blakey near Jamestown, the latter part of last week.

Born to the wife of Charlie Morgan Sept. 5th a son, mother, and baby getting along nicely and Charlie is all smiles.

Elbert Webb, wife, and two

Adair County Convention

Of The
CHRISTIAN CHURCHES.

GLENVILLE, SEPT. 27, 1918.

Friday Night, Sept. 27.

7:30—Praise and Devotional Service.
7:45—Address, The Things that Make a Church strong, Z. T. Williams.
Open Discussion Following.
8:30—Address, The Pre-eminence of Christ, F. J. Barger.
9:00—Appointment of Committees.

Saturday Morning Session.

9:15—Praise and Devotional Service.
9:45—Address, Co-operation in Mission Work, H. B. Gwinn.
10:15—Address, The Church After The War, H. Gordon Bennett.
10:45—Address, Jesus Keeps His Eye On The Treasury, Mrs. R. F. Rowe.
11:15—Address The Peril of Destructive Criticism, Tobias Huffaker.

Saturday Afternoon.

1:30—Praise and Devotional Service.
1:45—Has the Gospel of First Principles Gone Out of Date? F. J. Barger.
2:15—Address, The Macedonian Call of The Twentieth Century, Mrs. Z. T. Williams.
2:45—Reports From the Churches and Evangelist.
3:00—Reports of Committees, and Election of Officers.

Saturday Night Session.

7:30—Praise and Devotional Service,
7:45—Address, Our Plea Not in Controversy, Tobias Huffaker. Open Discussion.
8:30—Address, The Outlook for Christian Union, Z. T. Williams.

Sunday Morning Session.

9:00—Praise and Devotional Service.
9:30—Bible School Session.
10:15—The Problems of the Bible School, H. B. Gwinn. Open Discussion.
11:00—Convention Sermon, H. Gordon Bennett.

LIVER DIDN'T ACT
DIGESTION WAS BAD

Says 65 year Old Kentucky Lady, Who Tells How She Was Relieved After a Few Doses of Black-Draught.

Meadorsville, Ky.—Mrs. Cynthia Higginbotham, of this town, says: "At my age, which is 65, the liver does not act so well as when young. A few years ago, my stomach was all out of fix. I was constipated, my liver didn't act. My digestion was bad, and it took so little to upset me. My appetite was gone. I was very weak... I decided I would give Black-Draught a thorough trial as I knew it was highly recommended for this trouble. I began taking it. I felt better after a few doses. My appetite improved and I became stronger. My bowels acted naturally and the least trouble was soon righted with a few doses of Black-Draught." Seventy years of successful use has made Thedford's Black-Draught a standard, household remedy. Every member of every family, at times, need the help that Black-Draught gives in cleansing the system and relieving the troubles that come from constipation, indigestion, lazy liver, etc. You cannot keep well unless your stomach, liver and bowels are in good working order. Keep them that way. Try Black-Draught. It acts promptly, gently and in a natural way. If you feel sluggish, take a dose tonight. You will feel fresh tomorrow. Price 25c. a package—One cent. a dose. All druggists. J. B.

daughters of Gulfport, Miss., who have been visiting at the home of the former's mother, Mrs. Ella Webb, of near this place for several months, have returned home, Miss Ella Samuels accompanying them.

Ed Webb is very sick at this writing with appendicitis.

Vander Collins a soldier of Camy Zachary Taylor, is at the home of his father George Collins near here on a furlough.

Mrs. Mattie Lewis and children were visiting relatives on Crocus last week.

Several of the young folks of this place went to the Rockhouse last Saturday.

R. H. Helm of Penick, Marion county was visiting Arlo Rippel and family a few days of last week.

Bruce Taylor and family of Columbia, were visiting relatives at this place the latter part of last week.

Miss Kittie Lewis of Inroad, was visiting near here last week.

Ethridge Bennett, Lawrence Wilburn, Frosia Bennett, Artie Bunch, Lewis Wilkinson, Claud Willis and Rollin Webb, were in Columbia last Saturday.

L. C. Blair our merchant, at this place is in Louisville this week.

Adair County News

Published On Wednesdays.

At Columbia, Kentucky.

MARKSDALE HAMLETT, EDITOR

Democratic newspaper devoted to the interest of the City of Columbia and the people of Adair and adjoining counties.

Entered at the Columbia Post-office as second class mail matter.

Subscription Price 1st and 2nd Postal Zones \$1.50 per year.
All Zones beyond 2nd \$2.00 per year
All Subscription due and Payable in Advance.



WED. SEPT. 25, 1918.

This is the "Mother's Loan."

He is a member of the British Commission to this country, and he was commenting on the achievements of America in France.

"When the full story is told, it will be one of the most inspiring records of history," he said.

"No one who has not been there can imagine it. The port where your troops lands has been transformed as if by a miracle. Great piers stretch out into the harbor; lines of railroad, laid with American rails by American engineers and traveled by American locomotives, stretch away forward the battle lines. Huge storehouses cover the adjoining acres for miles. I tell you, it is marvelous what you have accomplished!"

And then he added, in afterthought:

"You are pouring out money as if it didn't cost anything."

Pouring out money as if it didn't cost anything—that is our record in the war thus far. Our first year cost us billions more than the first year of any other nation. And now we are asked to raise in three weeks the largest loan ever subscribed by the people of any nation.

We are running this war in the most extravagant fashion; and there is not a man, woman or child in America who wants it conducted in any other way. Why? Because we value speed more than money, and speed is always extravagant.

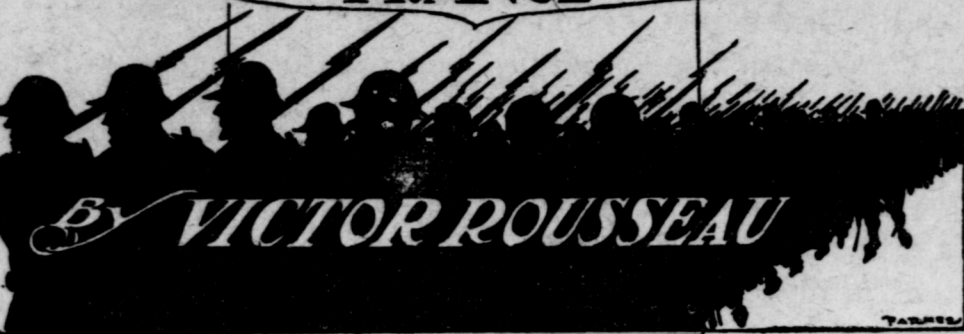
Speed means more guns brought more quickly into play, and more ammunition to feed them. Speed means ships built at high cost because of overtime wages; it means airplane planes discarded as fast as new improvements come along. It means all all this—and we bear the cost of it gladly, without regret. For Speed means a quicker, surer Victory, and our boys earlier home again.

"I beat the Austrians because they did not know the value of five minutes," said Napoleon. His rule for victory was to be on the ground first with the most guns. "I owe all my success in life to having been a quarter of an hour before my time." Lord Nelson once remarked. His victories, too, were victories of speed."

The cry of every American woman to her Government to—

BRIDE & BATTLE

A Romance of the
AMERICAN ARMY
Fighting on the Battlefields of
FRANCE



This Thrilling War Story will begin in The News at an early date.

Watch for it and don't miss a copy.

Subscribe now. \$1.50 per year, in advance.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES

RENTED by Week or Month at
Very Moderate Rates.

SOLD on the most liberal monthly payments.
Old Machines taken in exchange

SINGER MACHINES NOT HIGH PRICED
COMPARISON SOLICITED

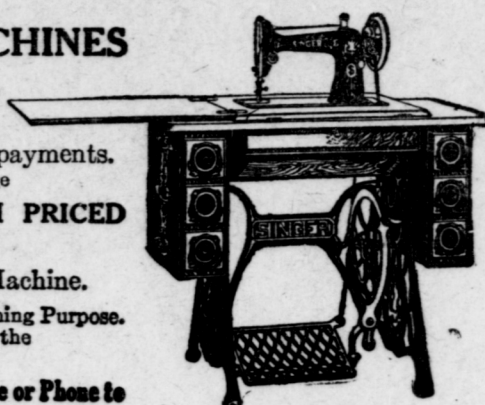
We sell Electric Motors for any Machine.
Attachments and Appliances for Every Stitching Purpose.
Needles for any Machine and the
Best Sewing Machine Oil.

Does your Machine need Repairs? Call, Write or Phone to

I have some good bargains in first-class
second hand Maahines

B. H. Kimble,

Adair Co. News Office.



day should be "Spend money faster!" Every ounce of her thought and energy during the three weeks dedicated to the fourth Liberty Loan should be employed in arousing in her own household and the households of her neighbors an eagerness to lend every possible penny, and to lend it quickly.

Thus the fourth Liberty Loan may become a message of far-flung encouragement to our boys across the seas; a message of unpleasant augury to their foes. For every bulletin of the mounting millions will cry out in tones unmistakable:

"We are raising a greater fund than men and women have ever raised. We are raising it in three weeks, when smaller loans have taken four. Money is nothing to us—we sacrifice it gladly for the sake of speed. For the sake of a quicker victory, and the return of our boys to their homes."

In the spirit of that message let us face the greatest loan in history: a loan too large to be subscribed by banks and business houses—so large that it must come out of the little economics of women. A Mother's Loan—a cry from the heart of American womanhood for Speed.

WAR NEWS.

The Germans behind the Hindenburg line in the St. Mihiel sector were feverishly active yesterday moving large troop trains and realigning their men. It is not believed that this presages an attack from the Hun, but rather fear on the part of the enemy that Pershing's men will deliver another blow at their lines.

Midway between St. Quentin and Cambrai the army of Gen. Haig has made a further advance, taking a number of prisoners. Strong opposition on the part of the enemy was met at every move. The British now hold the hills dominating this important center, while the French to the south are moving forward steadily.

That the German command is

in a tight place owing to the allied advance and the subsequent closing of some of the German front-line railroads is shown by Walter Littlefield, New York war expert. He predicts a new retirement by Ludendorf to shorten the front and improve transportation conditions.

Gen. March, talking on the war situation, says 1,750,000 Americans are now overseas. Reports to the War Department, he continued, tell of encouraging results on all battlefronts, and it is estimated German losses this summer have been 200,000 in prisoners alone.

The Government of Northern Russia is seeking to bring order out of chaos. The ousting of the Germans, the overthrow of the Bolsheviks, this is the aim of the Government whose chief is Nicholas Tchikowski.

As Secretary McAdoo unfurled the Fourth Liberty Loan honor flag from the top of the Treasury building a hundred French veterans stood at attention.

Twenty-six army training airplanes to direct the firing of the artillery students at West Point arrived at the big gun range yesterday.

London, Sept. 23—25,000 prisoners taken by British; 40,000 trapped. Allenby, in Palestine, accounts for huge enemy force—260 guns have been counted, entire Transport of two Armies captured and Foe's power shattered.

Markets.

Louisville, Sept. 23.—Cattle—Prime export steers \$15.50@17.00; heavy shipping 13@15.50; light \$11@13; heifers \$8@12.00; fat cows \$8@11.50; medium \$6.75@8.50; cutters \$6.25@7; canners \$5@6.75; bulls \$7@9.00; feeders \$8@12.50; stockers \$7 to \$10.50 choice milch cows \$85@110; medium \$80@85; common \$40@60.

Calves—Receipts 317 head. The market ruled steady. Best veals \$14@16.00 medium 11@15.00; common 7@11c.

Hogs—Receipts 2,918 head. Prices ruled higher. The best hogs 250 lbs up \$19.40; 120 to 165 \$19.05 pigs \$17.05, roughs \$17.00; down.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 670 head no changes were noted in prices; best sheep \$10. @10.50, bucks \$7.50 down; best lambs \$16@16; seconds \$11@11.25 Culls \$7.50

Butter—Country 30@33c lb. Eggs—Fresh, case count not sold candled 41c to 42c

THE MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY



"DAMN THE UNITED STATES!"—"I wish I may never hear of the United States."

John Alton, a conscientious pacifist, utters this curse at a time when he is angered by the scorn of his patriotic friend, and dejected by the loss of his sweetheart, Barbara Norton, who considers him a slacker. John is induced to read Edward Everett Hale's famous story: "THE MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY," and the incidents seem to him like a replica of his own life in a previous existence. As Lieut. Philip Nolan, U. S. A., John sees himself on trial for the identical curse against the United States: uttered by himself: then condemned to pass the rest of his life as an unshackled prisoner on board a warship without ever hearing of the country to which he belonged, and eventually dying in his cabin with a benediction for the flag of the United States.

The visualization of the story quickens in John Alton, the dormant sense of responsibility to his country, and he becomes a recruit at Fort Slocum.

Meanwhile Barbara has been a Red Cross nurse in France. The ship on which she is returning to America is attacked by a German submarine and the wreck floating in mid-ocean presents a triumph to film realism. Whether Barbara was rescued from the wreck to resume the interrupted romance with her former lover is fully revealed in the final reel. See this most amazing photo-play, OCTOBER 12th, AFTER-NOON and EVEN

PARAMOUNT THEATRE, Oct. 12.

Afternoon 25 cents.

-Night 35 cents

STEEL RANGES

Built Especially For Wood Fuel

South Bend Malleable - - \$95.

This Range has for many years been a favorite in Columbia and Adair County. We give a complete set of Aluminum utensils and vessels worth \$15. with every Stove.

Progress Ranges at . . \$50.

Bought on the low market, are CHEAPER than Factory Prices.

Section Harrows and Turning Plows
10 per cent less than cost.

Paints and Varnishes

At LESS than present cost. Sherwin-Williams paints are the standard in Kentucky, and wherever this brand can be secured.

Hardware, Automobile Tires and Accessories,
Certain-teed Roofing.

When trading at our store please mention that you saw this advertisement in The Adair County News.

S. M. Sanders & Co.

Campbellsville, Kentucky.

Personals.

Prof. R. R. Moss returned yesterday from Bowling Green.

Mr. and Mrs. Claud Phelps visited in Cumberland county last week.

Mr. J. E. Morgan, of Albany, is visiting his sister, Mrs. T. B. Phelps.

Private R. P. Caldwell, of Milltown, is at home from Camp Taylor on a furlough.

Geo. R. Miller, of Louisville came yesterday to be with his brother, Henry Miller, for several days.

R. W. Miller, of Minneapolis, Minn., arrived yesterday to visit his mother, Mrs. Lou F. Miller, and other relatives.

Miss Cora Smith, who spent a week with Mrs. Wilbur Reynolds, Louisville returned home last Wednesday night.

Mrs. John Lee Walker is in Burkesville where she was called to the bedside of her brother Mr. Owsley Ritchie who is very ill.

Sam Burdette who was operated on in a Louisville hospital for appendicitis is rapidly convalescing and will soon be at home.

J. Z. Collins prominent and popular merchant of Glensfork was in town last week to receive a large consignment of new goods.

Spurling Marcum, of Esto, Ky., came in last week from Indianapolis, where he holds a good position with the G. & J. Tire Co.

Superintendent E. A. Strange of the Brodhead Graded and High school passed thru Columbia Saturday to visit his family at Glensfork.

S. A. Antle of Russell Springs was in town last week. Mr. Antle who is a leading merchant, reports crops and business good at the Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Campbell of Little Rock Ark., left yesterday morning for Louisville where Mrs. Campbell will be treated in a sanatorium.

T. A. Judd son of Mr. J. H. Judd has entered the officers Training School at Camp Taylor. Mr. Judd's other son Lieut. Romie Judd is on the firing line in France.

Herman Barnett who has been visiting in the home of Mr. W. R. Myers returned to St. Louis last Friday. Mr. Barnett motored thru and was accompanied on the return trip by Jas. Beard and son.

Miss May Montgomery has returned

from Jacksonville, Tenn., where she has been visiting Rev. and Mrs. C. H. Schad. Miss Montgomery made an interesting visit of the big new powder plant that Uncle Sam is building at this place.

Captain Tas Jhort Atlanta Fireman:

Makes Remarkable Statement
About VI-TO-NA.

Believes VI-TO-NA the Best
Medicine on Earth.

"I don't believe there is another medicine in the world that equals VI-TO-NA for rheumatism and a general rundown condition. I never intend to be without it as long as I live," said Captain Tas Jhort, who is one of Atlanta's best known firemen, of engine house No. 2, residing at 185 Washington Street, Atlanta, Ga.

"I gained twenty pounds by taking VI-TO-NA, and I don't believe there is another medicine on the face of the earth that equals it. I had rheumatism for years and the pains were something awful, especially after fighting fires. My blood was bad and my health was rundown generally. VI-TO-NA has changed things around for me completely, and I am not like the same man. It worked like magic. The rheumatism has been entirely overcome and my blood is in excellent condition and strength and energy have returned to me. VI-TO-NA is a God-send, and the people owe a great debt to Mr. Henry for placing it within their reach."

The best evidence in the world is a statement from a reliable man WHO KNOWS Captain Jhort suffered just as he tells you. He tried other remedies—all failed until he tried VI-TO-NA. No wonder Captain Jhort says that "VI-TO-NA is the best medicine on earth."

On Sale in Columbia exclusively by J. N. Page and Wilmore & Moss, Gradyville, Ky.

Meets at Richmond.

The state Missionary convention of the Christian Church will be in session at Richmond Ky., from Monday until Thursday of next week. A large attendance is expected.

Don't Let the Son go Down.

So line up, and sign up,
And buy a Liberty Bond,
For all our Sons are Over There,
To fight the German Crow,
Make up your mind do it today
Don't let the Son go down.
But line up, and sign up,
And buy a Liberty Bond.

For Your Boy and My Boy

For your boy and my boy
And all of the boys out there,
Let's lend our money to the U. S. A.
And do our share.
Every bond that we are buying
Will help to hold the fighting line.
Buy bonds, buy bonds,
For your boy and mine.

Eloped to Jeffersonville.

Last week Miss Shirley Williams and Mr. Aaron Grant, of Eunice, were married in Jeffersonville, Ind. They were accompanied in his touring car by Mr. Henry Morgan, of Columbia.

W. E. Sublett, the genial Standard Oil Man, is back on his old job again, after returning from Camp Taylor, where he failed to pass the physical examination for the army.

For Sale.

Duroc Pigs, throughbred.
John Dunbar, Columbia, Ky.

J. W. Young has moved his family and household goods to Louisville, where they will reside. Mr. Young has a position with the Government in Jeffersonville, Ind.

Six months time with approved security extended to all purchases of more than \$25.00 worth at the E. E. Cheatham & Son sale next Saturday.

All farm implements, mules, horses, Jacks, Aberdeen cattle, milch cows, and hogs at the E. E. Cheatham sale next Saturday.

Mr. Silas Cain sold his farm known as the Williams place, to A. B. Corbin, for \$9,240.

The local Draft Board has called eight colored troopers to entrain for Camp Taylor, on the 26th.

The Stock of Quality

ALBIN MURRAY.

The Ladies' Store

War Prices do not Keep Us From Supplying the Needs of our Customers.

Mens' and Boys' Union Suits.

Silk and Pongee Shirts at Rock Bottom Prices for Men and Boys

BLANKETS.

Pure Wool and Mixed Fabrics

Crockery, Aluminum Ware and Fruit Jars,

Galvanized Metal Ware

Overcoats and Cloaks.

Outfitters for Men and Boys.

Fancy Wearing Apparel for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Veils, Gloves, Fancy Hosiery, and Lingerie, Hats and Caps for the Men and Boys.

SHOES.

ALBIN MURRAY,

Columbia, Kentucky.

Next Door to The Adair County New Office.

PUBLIC SALE

I HAVE SOLD MY FARM ON THE GREENSBURG ROAD,

(The McFarland Farm Just Outside of Town.)

And Will Offer at PUBLIC AUCTION to the Highest and Best

Bidder SATURDAY, SEPT. 28th, at 10 A. M.

8 Mules, 7 Mares, 6 Horses, One Six Year Old Jack,
10 Cows with Calves, 2 Cows, 2 Aberdeen Heifers,
25 Yearling Steers, all Aberdeen but Three.

FARMING TOOLS

New Manure Spreader, - - - - - Good Wheat Drill,

Good Binder, Two Mowing Machines, A Harrows,

One Cultivator, - - - - - Turning Plows,

And Other Articles and Implements too Numerous to Mention.

A Large Lot of Hogs

TERMS:—All sums of \$25 and over on a credit of six months with approved security and 6 per cent interest.

E. E. CHEATHAM & SON,

COLUMBIA, - - - - - KENTUCKY.

J. S. BREEDING, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALE

On TUESDAY, Oct. 1, 1918, at 10 o'clock, a. m. at my residence in Columbia, Ky., I will sell my household and kitchen furniture, a lot of nice canned fruit, one man's saddle, and other things too numerous to mention.

The furniture offered in this sale is nice and comparatively New. Remember the date.

H. A. HURT.

Columbia Motor Freight Co.

We Haul and Deliver your Freight, Daily, between Columbia and Campbellsville, Equipped with large Motor Trucks and New Freight Depot, opposite Post Office. All Country Freight delivered from new depot. Prompt and Courteous Service rendered our Patrons. We solicit your business.

Columbia Motor Freight Co.,

Young & Hutchison,
COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY.

Bonds Choke The Hun - By Sparks



BANK DEPOSITS IN MISSOURI INCREASE A HUNDRED MILLIONS

Total Resources of State's Financial Institutions Make Gains That Are Most Gratifying.

The total resources of Missouri banks and trust companies have increased almost \$100,000,000 during the last year despite the millions of dollars poured into the National Treasury for Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps, according to the annual report of State Bank Commissioner O. F. Enright, of Jefferson City. All classes of deposits show big increases during the year.

The report includes the resources of 1,407 banks and trust companies of the state and is exclusive of national banks. It shows that individual and savings deposits, surplus and stocks and bonds have all had a prosperous year, each one showing an increase.

The total resources at the close of business on June 28 were \$693,657,490.99 as compared with \$595,379,463.19 on June 20, 1917.

The individual deposits during the year increased \$50,496,787.85, the deposits this year being \$484,690,936.09, as compared with \$434,194,149.24 for the year ending June, 1917.

The deposits of 40 banks and trust companies of St. Louis exclusive of national banks, showed an increase of more than \$5,000,000. The deposits for the year ending June 28 were \$181,710,807.67, while the deposits at the same period in 1917 were \$175,384,372.86.

There was an increase in their saving deposits of approximately \$47,000, which accounts have been hit hardest by the war saving certificates and war saving stamps. The saving deposits in St. Louis outside of national banks increased from \$39,908,510.25 to \$39,955,004.05.

The same banks showed an increase of more than \$13,000,000 in bonds and stocks during the year, having reached a total of \$71,433,537.19 in June, 1918.

There was almost an increase of \$1,000,000 in savings accounts in all of the state banks during the year. The saving accounts in June had climbed to \$40,325,114.42, as against \$39,321,900.67 in June, 1917.

TO PREVENT DEPRECIATION

Inexperienced Investors in Liberty Bonds Will Be Protected.

The Department of Justice and the Treasury Department are making good headway in their campaign against the disloyalists whose activities take the form of depreciating the value of Liberty Bonds, as well as against those more easily recognized criminals who have been inducing the inexperienced to exchange their Liberty Bonds for worthless securities.

This was made clear by Lewis B. Franklin, Director of the War Loan Organization of the United States, in a speech made in Cleveland before a meeting of the county chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee.

"We are getting these men," he said, "and we are preventing the work of those still at large to a great extent by cutting off their opportunities for advertising. We have notified all newspapers not to run any ads offering to trade merchandise or securities for Liberty Bonds."

"It is important for everyone of you chairmen to preach 'Keep your bonds' as earnestly as you can 'Buy bonds'."

"It injures the bond holder and the United States Government both when bonds are traded in this way or when they are sold at a discount."

Every American church in America will provide a place on Sunday, Sept. 23—the latter of the two Volunteer Days—where subscriptions to Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds may be received.

German Sentiments by German Writers

EXTRACTS

Anyone who knows as well as I do how important Belgium is to Germany, politically, economically and strategically, must see how grievous a mistake we should make were we to conclude a peace which does not leave us masters of Belgium; for, whatever happens, Belgium cannot be allowed to remain under Franco-British influence, but, on the contrary, must be used to enhance our power.—Baron Von Bissing, in a letter, January 14th, 1917.

God above us will see to it that war shall always recur, as a drastic medicine for ailing humanity.—Treitschke, Politics.

If we come victorious out of this war, we shall be the first people on the earth, a rich stream of gold will pour over our land, and this greatness, these riches, may be a blessing to us if we always remember that true greatness, true riches, lie only in the possession of moral advantages, and that to the fact of our possessing such advantages we owe our success.—W. Helm, Warum wir Siegen Müssen.

Germany has to care for the world. Is it arrogance so to write? Is it vanity which disguises itself in moral thoughts? No, no; and again, no! We are standing before the last things. If our people were to be defeated, which none of us can admit, it would in a few decades, with doubly passionate longing and fourfold force, carry through its task, and it would know neither rest nor repose till it reached its end. For we have something to say to the world, something to bring it.—G. Traub, Der Krieg und die Seele.

President Wilson must surely know by this time that Germany takes no heed of the number of her enemies. New enemies mean for us new battles, and (dare we hope it?) new victories also.—Georg Bernhard, in the Vossische Zeitung, February 5th, 1918.

Individual persons may be harshly dealt with when an example is made of them, intended to serve as a warning. . . . Whenever a national war breaks out, terrorism becomes a necessary military principle.—General V. Hartmann, Deutsche Rundschau.

We must see to it that the war is conducted to such an issue that an ample war indemnity will enable us to give effect to the proposal that some hundred millions (of marks) should be put aside as a secure capital sum, the interest of which would be available for the German international news-service.—Dix, Der Weltwirtschaftskrieg.

He who does not believe in the Divine mission of Germany had better hang himself, and rather today than tomorrow.—H. S. Chamberlain, Die Zukunft.

THE PART YOU PLAY.

Every time you read, you purchasers of Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps, of what the United States is doing in France in building wharves and railroads, or denuding the Germans with gas or shelling them out of positions with big guns or shrapnel, or of bombing their arsenals or cities, or of the great work of our army and our navy, or of the great or small achievements of America, here or abroad or on the seas, you buyers of Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps truthfully can say, "I had a hand in this;" "I contributed to this;" "I am helping do this;" "It is part my work."

Volunteer on Volunteer Day and send a message to the Kaiser that willicken him of his desire to win the world.

PART PLAYED IN WAR WINS CROWN PRINCE VACATION

QUICK ABSORPTION OF FOURTH LOAN WEAPON TO FORCE KAISER BACK TO RHINE.

MANY SPIES YET AT LARGE

Allies' Wonderful Successes Overcomes Morale Displayed by Germans Early in the War.

The German Crown Prince has been given a six months' vacation, according to dispatches received by way of Amsterdam. His beaten armies have been shoved back a long way from Paris and the heir to the German throne has been retired, at least temporarily, from his command. The fighting Americans, backed up by the Liberty Loans, have already accomplished so much in the job of whipping the Kaiser.

America has a chance to shove the Crown Prince even farther back into private life. With the Fourth Liberty Loan opening September 28 the massed avalanche of American dollars will again hit the Hun line. Since the Third Loan was made the Allies have stopped the German offensive, saved Paris and are now slowly but surely shoving the Hun armies back toward the Rhine.

Kaiser Losing Caste. Undoubtedly the quick subscription of the Fourth Liberty Loan will cast a gloom over Germany. Reports coming from that country indicate that the Kaiser is losing some of the old popularity that made him an idol.

Reports from neutral countries and articles in the German papers show that the Huns are cheering their people by telling them that the Americans are not wholeheartedly in the war. They have claimed that Americans would never be able to land a big army in France. Now that the army is there, the Hun generals are telling the people that America will fail to furnish the money to support that army and give it food and ammunition. Any indication that Americans are failing to buy Fourth Liberty Bonds will have a wonderfully cheering effect on the German General Staff. Such news would please these arrogant Huns better than a report that they had captured a division of French, English or American soldiers.

Hun Watches America. The Huns know that America has the money and the men to carry the war right up to the gates of Berlin. What the Kaiser is now hoping is that American people will be careless or indifferent about furnishing the money that is to keep the United States army ready and fit to fight. His spies that have not been captured and jailed are busy. They are watching the situation in every part of this country. Sooner or later their reports reach the master spy in Berlin and the Prussian war lords are mightily pleased when they can mark off a certain spot in the United States as having failed to do its duty to its national government.

What the German general staff would like to see would be an American army in France, cut off from this country by means of the submarines. They would like to see it weakened and starved so it could be cut to pieces by German forces. Lack of money to support the American army will cut it off from this country just as much as though all our transports and freight ships were being sunk by submarines. The American dollar that is not used in buying Fourth Liberty Bonds is a slacker dollar and it is helping to cut off the American boys who are over there from the help and the needed support back home.

GERMAN MAN POWER WANING

Every Available Man Has Been Called to Colors, Is Report.

The German Government has summoned every available man to the colors, says a letter from a newspaper correspondent in Germany. Of the 200,000 workmen at Krupp's between 20,000 and 40,000 have before been called up for service at the front. Elsewhere, the correspondent adds, the comb-out has been more vigorous.

Remember Volunteer Days—September 23 and 29.

If the right kind of a response be made on Volunteer Days—Sept. 23 and 29—the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign will be given such an impetus that the allotted three weeks will not be required to sell the bond issue.

Every American church in America will provide a place on Sunday, Sept. 23—the latter of the two Volunteer Days—where subscriptions to Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds may be received.

In France and England all the loans to prosecute the war are taken by Volunteer subscriptions. Two Volunteer Days—Sept. 23 and 29—are set aside to open the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign. Every one should place his volunteer subscription on one of these two days and not wait for the collection.

Somewhere in France.

Dear Editor.

I wish you would please leave a small space in the News for lines, that I will write this morning.

As I have been a reader of the News for a number of years I'll try and inform my friends that I am in France, and have been for a few months and I feel in the best of health. I like over here very well, but of course we all long for the U. S. A. again. It has been nice weather ever since we landed. It is very cool at night but is warm in the day.

I have been in the front lines trenches and have come back in reserve for awhile and moved me back further to a very quite little town. But we are just about ready for the front again. In the front lines is not so bad as some people think it is, but of course you can not talk or cough or sneeze as you would at home, for it might be cold turkey if you did, as a hand grenade might come too close for your good.

I am in a good company. The 2nd Bn. was the first Bn. in reserve of the French out of the 35th Division and my Co., was the first one in the front lines.

Co., H. is the company I'm in, it holds the record of the 35th Div. first in the trenches got the first boch. and was the first over the top.

The French people is so different, the boys wear dresses until they are eleven or twelve years old and they wear wooden shoes, it sounds like a truck coming over the bridge.

When they go out to make hay they take a hand rake, to rake up the hay. You can see women driving oxen in a wagon hauling wood, The women sure do some work. I don't think it will be very long until their husband's will come home, and then of course we will be ready to come back to the good U. S. A.

I noticed in the News that quite a number of boys registered at Columbia. Hope they will soon be over and help finish this fuss and we will get to come back that much sooner. I was just in service six week until I was marching in France, with 60 pounds on my back and hiking 15 to 16 miles aday.

All of the boys had better save their money and take care of their shoes as sixty pounds on their back sure makes your feet have the blues.

Most of this company was trained in Oklahoma. They are the National guard of St Louis. I was very green when I came into the Company, but I am trying to learn at every opportunity. So I have been acting corporal for a while but don't think I'll like it as there is to much responsibility for nothing.

I have brothers in camp some where but don't know for sure just where at. I hope I will meet some of them in the near future and some of the Adair county boys also. I have not seen any boys in this Division from Kentucky. I would be glad to meet some one I know, but most of them are from St. Louis, N. Dakota and Texas.

I received a bundle of papers from home last week, and the News was the one that I read more closely than any of them.

Pri. J. F. McDermott, Co. H. 138, U. S. Inf., A. E. F.

Automobile Line.

The Regular Line from Columbia to Campbellsville is owned and operated by W. E. Noe. He has in his employe safe and reliable drivers.

Transportation can be had at any hour at reasonable rates.

Address,

W. E. NOE, Columbia, Ky.

G. R. REED

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE

"The Service Agency."

Columbia, Kentucky.

Real Estate Bought and Sold

FARMING LANDS

If you want to sell your farm to the best advantage, see our contract and list with us at once. If you want a farm or other real estate, let us figure with you and for you. Oil Land Leases bought and sold. Abstracts furnished.

C. G. Jeffries Realty Co., Columbia, Ky.

Jeffries Hotel.

Louisville--Old Inn Hotel

Incorporated

EUROPEAN PLAN

\$1.00 and Up Rooms Without Bath.

\$1.50 and Up Rooms With

300 ROOMS

Equipped throughout with Automatic Sprinklers the best Fire Protection Known to Insurance Engineers.

Louisville, - - - Kentucky.

6th & Main Streets.

EVERYTHING IN

ROOFING

Asphalt, Gravel, Rubber, Galvanized and Painted.

Also Ellwood and American Fence.

Steel Fence Posts

DEHLER BROS. CO.

Incorporated

116 East Market Street Between First and Brook

Louisville, Ky.

Fred G. Jones & Co.

INCORPORATED

Brook & A. Streets

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WHOLESALE

Doors

Windows

Mouldings

Porch Columns

Stairways

General Building Material

Will Send Catalog on Request.

Columbia Barber Shop

LOY & LOWE

A Sanitary Shop, where both Satisfaction and Gratification are Guaranteed.

Give us a Trial and be Convinced.

SKETCHES OF ADAIR COUNTY.

Historical and Biographical that
Will be of Interest to all
Readers of the News.

BY JUDGE H. C. BAKER.

No. 34.

Reminiscences of Col. Wolford.

Col. Frank Wolford was born in Adair County, altho, he lived most of his life in Casey county. Sometime after the close of the Civil war he removed to Columbia, where he remained until his death. It was while living at Columbia that he served two terms in Congress.

Soon after his death, we prepared an article which was published in the News. We do not know that we can do better than insert it here as a part of these sketches.

Col. Frank Wolford was a man of marked individuality—one of the most original and unique characters, we believe, the State has produced. He had no polish of address, nor did he desire it.

If anything he rather prided in the oddities of speech and dress and appearance generally which characterized him, or; perhaps it would be truer to say that he was indifferent to these things and gave them no thought.

His broad accent came to him naturally and he did not try to improve on it. He had a way of reaching the public comprehension and that was the main point with him.

He did not aspire to be any other body than Frank Wolford, and hence he had no model after which to pattern. Frank Wolford was sui generis, a diamond in the rough, and just a little different from all other diamonds.

I remember the first time I ever heard of him. It was shortly before the beginning of the civil war, and he was then a humble country lawyer "to fortune and fame unknown." A party of college boys had been down from Danville to Harrodsburg to hear John C. Breckenridge speak on the issues of the day.

At the close of his speech he and Joshua F. Bell engaged in a running debate for probably thirty minutes. Breckenridge was then the idol of the Democracy, and Bell was known and admired as "the silver tongued orator," the most charming speaker in the State.

On our return, we were discussing the merits of the two men as orators, when a Casey county boy, afterwards a Major in Wolford's cavalry, spoke up and said "Boys you may say what you please about public speakers, your Breckenridge's and Bell's, but, I will tell you we have a man in Casey county who can turn any of them down in a "rough and tumble" before the people. When asked who it was, he answered, "Frank Wolford." The name was a new one to most of us, yet it was but a short time after this until the name of Wolford was a household word to the people of Kentucky.

In the debate of which I spoke, Bell pressed Breckenridge to know what he would do in the

event of war between the government and the Southern States.

Breckenridge answered in substance, that he was a Kentuckian—had been honored by his native State and he loved her as a true son loved his mother, and he would share its fortunes whatever they might be.

In turn he demanded to know of Mr. Bell what would be his position if the President called for men and money to coerce the States back into the Union. He replied that he was as devoted to his love to Kentucky as was Mr. Breckenridge—that he was warmly attached to the South and to the Union, and, that he was opposed to the use of money for such a purpose and in view of our position and relations he favored neutrality.

The sequel showed how in such times events control men. In a few months thereafter Breckenridge left Kentucky in the Union and accepted a commission as a general in the Southern army, and Bell was using his persuasive oratory to aid those who by force of bayonets would bring the erring sisters back.

It was in those days of passion and excitement that Wolford came to the front, and his voice was first heard as a potent factor in public affairs.

In the quiet of his humble home he heard the mutterings of the coming storm, and prepared to meet it. He did not believe that secession was right or that it was a remedy for any wrong that had been committed and he regarded the dissolution of the Union as the greatest calamity that could befall the country North and South. Entertaining these views he opposed neutrality—espoused the cause of the government, and boldly and unequivocally took his stand for the Union, the constitution and the enforcement of the laws.

Accepting the declaration of those in authority that the war was not waged in any spirit of oppression, or for conquest, but to restore the rightful authority of the government and went to work and raised a regiment, the First Kentucky Cavalry, which was accepted and mustered into the service with him as its Colonel. He was not a tactician. We doubt whether he ever studied Hardee or any other authority. He had seen service as a private in the war with Mexico, and he knew how to ride a horse, not gracefully it is true, but securely, and, best of all, he had the courage to get in front when duty and danger called him.

During his three years of service he was engaged in many battles, sometimes commanding a regiment, sometimes a brigade, and for a long time a division.

He was in the chase after Morgan and was the second officer in command when he was captured.

He was wounded on eight different occasions, and some of his wounds gave him serious trouble to the day of his death. I remember a deep and ugly scar in his side received in a fight with Morgan in Tennessee as he told me.

He made a dash on Morgans men riding at the time a spirited Kentucky thoroughbred which became unmanageable—his bridle bit was broken and the gallant horse rushed into the ranks of the enemy, and, he was captured. The Federal soldiers pushing on after their leader, the

PRICES ARE STILL ADVANCING

Our Quotations are Near the Old Levels

WE BUY WAGONS AND BUGGIES IN LOTS OF CAR LOADS
For This Reason [We Have No Competition in The Matter of Retail] Prices.

OUR STOCK IS UNIVERSAL.

We Carry Everything That Can Be Bought From New York and Chicago Mail Order Houses

BUY AT HOME AND SAVE MONEY.

Write for our Catalog and Quotations and Accept Our Plan of

Guaranteed Satisfaction

Privilege of Return of Goods Always Extended to Our Customers.

Farm Implements, Wire Fencing, Harness, Tools and Hardware

Outfitters for Men and Boys.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

All the Latest Styles in Ladies' Suits, Hosiery, Gloves, and Fancy Apparel.

Shoes and Clothing For The Children.

WOODSON LEWIS, - - - Greensburg.

Confederates were compelled to retreat. In the charge Wolford was wounded, but he kept his saddle. A running fight was kept up for several miles and Wolford was carried on by the retreating Confederates. Gen. Morgan seeing that he was seriously wounded urged him to accept a parole. This he declined to do, saying that the fight was not over, and it might be, at its close, he would have the pleasure of receiving parole. The pursuit having become more vigorous, and Wolford becoming faint from loss of blood he was lifted from his horse and left by the road side where his command found him. He was removed to a house in the neighborhood where he lingered for some time between life and death. Although Morgan and Wolford were engaged in many fights it did not have the effect of diminishing their respect for each other.

Their exchanges of courtesies were sometimes out of the ordinary for times of war and between public enemies.

Wolford used to tell of a "salt episode" which partook of this character.

The two generals with their commands were operating on opposite sides of the Cumberland river, and on one occasion Wolford wishing to learn something of the Confederate position and movements on the South side, sent out a reconnoitering party to investigate and report to him. Morgan being upon the alert picked up the party. In a day or so afterwards he sent an officer over to Wolford under a flag of truce with the information that he had his men and saying further that he was just then in

special need of a few barrels of salt and, as he had no use for the men he would like to make an exchange by which he could supply himself with the needed article.

Wolford being well supplied with salt and desiring his men back "took to the suggestion" at once. After some parleying it was agreed that the men were to be returned in consideration of so many barrels of salt delivered on the South side of river.

The contract was executed by the delivery of the salt and the return of the men.

To be continued next week.

From New Port, R. I.

Sept., 10th, '13

Editor News:—

As I have never seen anything in the paper from here, I will write a line. I left Columbia Apr. 10th, and enlisted in the Hospital Corps of the Navy, and left Louisville the 11th, reaching Newport on the afternoon of the 12th. I took the boat for Newport, landing here the next morning, at 3:30. I was put in a small open boat and motored over to the station. I thought sure I would freeze before reaching the station, the snow seemed to be coming from all directions. The wind hits us in the face here every way we turn.

I was issued my uniform the same day after two days in quarantine, I was put in the regiment for about four weeks, intensive Infantry drilling and was then transferred to the Hospital school where I still remain.

The station is located on a small Island in Narragansett Bay, with only two bridges by which to get ashore and they are

Campbellsville Hotel

Main and Depot Streets

W. H. WILSON, Prop.

We cater especially to Commercial Travelers.

Electric Lights, Baths, and Free Sample Rooms.

RATES \$2.00 PER DAY.

Campbellsville, : : Kentucky.

The Louisville Trust Co.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits Over One Million Dollars.

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Agent, Committee and Trustee, and can qualify as such in any County in the State.

Pays 3 per cent. per Annum on Time Deposits.

JOHN STITES, President. ANGELUEA GRAY, Treas. A. G. STITH, Sec.

guarded by Blue Jacket guards, so there is no way of getting to town without a pass.

We are having school outdoors now because of an epidemic on the Island. Everything possible is being done to keep it from spreading. It is Spanish Influenza. It is pretty warm out in the sun, but most of us are soon asleep and know little about the weather. When we go into the Laboratory to work or in the barracks, we wear a mask. We look like a bunch of Kentucky nightriders with these masks on.

The masks are just white handkerchiefs tied over our face and this brings about more inspection. We rookies soon learn to wash our white suits, hats and leggins so they will bear inspection but it takes an old Sea-Dog to wash a handkerchief so it will look real white.

We have inspection of clothes

every day, every rag from hats to leggins are inspected. This period often finds me peeping around the corner somewhere waiting to fall in ranks later. I'm never lonesome for Joe Morris is sure to be there.

There are about 1200 sailors here and are all feed in three halls. About 6000 eat in the hall where I eat. It has a capacity of 4200. We stand up to eat, 160 to a table. We are fed well.

We sleep in Hammocks six feet off the deck, we have lots of fun shaking one another out. The Hammock is not a very good bed at night but at five o'clock in the morning there is nothing like it.

There are several Adair county boys here and all of us are in the same Co., but one.

I only have seven more weeks in school, hoping to be in Adair for a few days when I finish school, I remain.

W. J. Cundiff.



"Keep Going!"

That's the only way to win, and Lieutenant "Pat" Dowling knew it, when he plunged into the Ourcq with his little detachment from the "Fighting Sixty-Ninth."

Keep on going with a whoop!

They'll do it, our boys "over there," whatever regiment they belong to, whatever section of this great country they came from.

They'll GET THERE, too; if we follow their example and keep going here at home.

Our work is cut out for us, as plain as theirs is for them. Keep them fit; give them every piece of fighting gear they need, to do their job up brown. Send as many million men as can be used to finish it up quick.

The faster we keep going the faster our boys "over there" will go. Let's set the pace in Liberty Loan subscriptions.

We can finish up this Fourth Loan in two days if every one will

U. S. Soldiers Were First to Cross the Ourcq Led by Lieut. Patrick Dowling of New York.

AMERICAN troops have played a wonderful part in the recent fighting north of the Marne. By the capture of the towns of Serres-et-Neales, Serre and Roncheres beyond the Ourcq, they aided the French in taking Fere-en-Tardenois, the great German concentration base near the centre of the Rheims-Soissons pocket. American troops were first to cross the Ourcq River, the entire northern bank of which is now held by the Allies. Lieut. Patrick Dowling of New York led the first dozen men. With him were Corpl. James McGovern and Private Thomas Lyden of Brooklyn. The old 69th of New York, now the 165th, aided the Allies in crossing the river. The Americans are fighting desperately and with courage. Their capture of Serre was brilliant, and included house-to-house fighting, in which the Yankees took terrible toll of the enemy.



Believing that it is the duty of every person who enjoys the freedom and privileges of citizenship in our great Country to do his utmost to help win the war, the following firms and individuals have patriotically contributed the money to pay for this and other advertisements of the Fourth Liberty Loan:

Be a Volunteer

September 28th and 29th Will Be Volunteer Days

On these days everyone will be given an opportunity to step up and buy bonds without being solicited to do so. Places will be designated where volunteer subscriptions will be received. These places will be announced in the papers and by signs. Your card will be on file there. Cards of those who do not volunteer will be used for active solicitation, which will begin Monday, September 30th. No one will be overlooked.

Do not wait for some one to come after your subscription. Show that you, too, can volunteer for your Country's service, just as our boys "over there" did.

Figure out now the very maximum you can subscribe. Be ready when Volunteer Days come. This is no time for half-way measures. Half-way measures won't push

our boys across the Rhine. It is up to us to buy bonds with every uninvested dollar we own, plus every dollar we can save by careful, frugal living for six months to come.

You don't have to pay all cash for your bonds. You can make your first payment from cash in the bank, and take care of the balance out of your daily, weekly or monthly savings.

The forced saving you do now will mean a nice nest egg later, for the bonds you buy now and pay for as you go along, will prove a splendid investment that will pay you a good interest every six months. After the war, the bonds will be worth more than you paid for them. Don't hesitate to do your duty and do it quickly. "Don't let the SON go down."

THIS PAGE IS PAID FOR AND CONTRIBUTED BY

BANK OF COLUMBIA,
Columbia, Ky.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Columbia, Ky.